

# Pediatric Pharmacology

## Post Test

1. Your patient is a four year old female who fell off a trampoline. Upon exam, you find obvious angulation to the right femur. Otherwise, you find no other injuries. She is conscious and alert and her vitals are stable. After splinting, you move the patient to the unit. You establish an IV of NS TKO. She has no drug allergies and she weighs 15 kg. The correct medication and dosage you should use is:
  - A. Morphine 3 mg. IVP
  - B. Morphine 1.5 mg. IVP
  - C. Morphine 0.15 mg. IVP
  - D. Morphine 5 mg. IVP
  
2. It is unnecessary to contact Medical Control prior to administering Epi 1:1,000 SQ who is having an allergic reaction.
  - A. True
  - B. False
  
3. The maximum dose of Decadron for a pediatric patient is:
  - A. 10 mg.
  - B. 6 mg.
  - C. 2 mg.
  - D. The same as an adult

4. D25W can be formulated by:

- A. Diluting D50W at a 2:1 ratio with Narcan
- B. Diluting D50W at a 1:1 ratio with normal saline
- C. Giving half the dosage of D50W
- D. Adding 50cc D50W to a 1,000 ml IV bag

5. Which of the following drugs should never be administered to a patient < 2 years old pre-hospital ?

- A. Lidocaine
- B. Epinephrine 1:10,000
- C. Phenergan
- D. Lasix